

The Times

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THURSDAY MORNING, DECEMBER 13, 1893.

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STANDARD PIANOS—
And Piano Dealers.
"A SINGIN' HALLELUJAH!"

POINTS OF THIS MORNING'S NEWS

—IN—
The Times.

TODAY'S BULLETIN—DECEMBER 14, 1893.

(BY TELEGRAPH) Hon. P. C. Jones of Hawaii going to Washington with affidavits to disprove Blount's report—Senators Vest and Frye discuss Cleveland's action...The crew of a French steamer shot without trial by order of the Brazilian President—No intention of establishing a monarchy...Mexican government troops slaughtered by rebels...The jury in Chris Evans' case still out...Chicago overrun with tramps...Cruiser Olympia held at Santa Barbara because of unfavorable weather for a trial...Ex-Cashier Hiller of the defunct Hartford Bank arrested for embezzlement...Shaeffer beats Ives at billiards....The Modesto and Turlock big irrigation ditch sat upon...Other Eastern, foreign and coast news.

NOTABLE LOCAL OCCURRENCES.

Capt. Smith acquitted of the murder of the boy Neale—The insanity plea again successful....A sensational scene in the Auditor's office....Slightly strained relations between the City Council and the Board of Health....Meeting of the Board of Fire Commissioners—The Gamewell company awarded the contract for supplying electrical apparatus....Interesting statistics shown by the health officer's annual report.

GENERAL

"Dud" Duthrow, the young Santa Ana burglar, again escapes from jail....Meeting of the Anaheim trustees....Plans maturing for the Throop celebration at Pasadena....The subsidy for the Pomona electric railroad all raised....High Southern Pacific officials at Riverside.

WEATHER INDICATIONS.

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SPECIAL NOTICES

THE SAFE DEPOSIT BOXES OF THE State Loan and Trust Company are now closed in a fire-proof and burglar-proof vault, which is ample in size and brilliant in finish, and is specially designed for the private examination of valuables, with writing materials; a young lady in attendance.

BURBANK THEATER—Main st. bet. 5th and 6th. Fred A. Conroy, Manager. Director Monday Evening December 11.

Every evening during the week except Sunday and Saturday matinee.

MR. DARRELL VINTON

In the greatest of all romantic dramas,

MONTE CRISTO

Supported by the entire Cooper Company of Players. Wonderful scenic, mechanical and electrical effects. Grand Matinee Saturday at 2.

Popular Prices \$15, \$20 and \$30 cents; box seats \$50 and \$75 cents. Carriages can be had for \$10 and \$12. Doors open at 8 p.m.; curtain rises at 8. Reserved seats on sale at the box office one week in advance.

MUSIC HALL—

"CUSTER'S LAST RALLY."

John Mulvaney's grand painting of the massacre on the Little Big Horn will be exhibited in Los Angeles, commencing

Wednesday, December 6.

Only chance to see this celebrated picture, which has created a sensation wherever exhibited.

Music Hall daily from 2 to 10 p.m. Admis-

sion 50c.

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By WM. PIUTTI.

UNITY CHURCH.—

Corner Third and Hill streets.

Saturday Afternoon, Dec. 16, at 2 o'clock.

Admission 50c.

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More acceptable: no more acceptable Christmas Gifts than those obtainable at

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Corner Spring and Franklin streets.

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LADIES' STRAW AND FELT HATS

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DR. JAMES A. HARRIS, PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON, in charge of medical and surgical dispensary; chronic diseases a specialty; special attention given to the treatment of all forms of cancer, both malignant and benign. Office hours, 9 a.m. to 12 m., 3 to 4 p.m. Office, 329 N. Main st., opp. the St. Elmo Hotel Residence, 170 S. Main st.

DR. REBECCA LEE DORSEY, ROOMS 128, 130, 131, Stimson Block; special attention given to obstetrical cases, and all diseases of women and children; consultant here. Tel. 2227.

ALPHA MALE AND FEMALE NURSES' AGENCY furnishes reliable nurses any time, day or night. 241½ S. Spring, rooms 8 and 9. Tel. 93.

DR. D. E. WILSON BENNETT HAS

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Stevens would back up the revolutionary movement. Soper says that at Blount's request he furnished him with a report showing the amount of arms and ammunition possessed by the Royalists and annexationists, and showing that the provisional government had a larger number of rifles than the Queen's followers. Blount appears to have made no mention of this report in his findings.

C. Bolte, vice-president of the big mercantile firm of M. Grinbaum & Co., and now a member of the Advisory Council, says that he was interviewed by Mr. Blount last June; that during this interview on several occasions he objected to the methods employed by Blount and remonstrated with him that he did not put his questions fairly; Blount asked his questions in legal form, and that when he (Bolte) attempted to express himself more fully, Blount would change the subject.

John Emmeluth, a member of the Advisory Council, and who took a prominent part in the recent revolution, says he called on Commissioner Blount, but was asked no questions about Hawaii. Emmeluth sent word afterward, and requested to be examined, but the request was not heeded.

George M. Wilcox, at one time Minister of the Interior under the Queen, says: "No statement was made to me, nor was I aware that either Minister Stevens or Capt. Wilcox would assist or aid the citizens of Honolulu in establishing the provisional government or overthrowing the monarchy. It was evident to me the overthrow of the monarchy was due to its own inherent rottenness."

Albert Wilcox, a member of the Legislature of 1892, swears that the Queen's Cabinet appealed to citizens to resist her attempt to promulgate the new constitution, and says: "The landing of United States forces was not done in pursuance of any request made by me; but I understood then they were landed to protect American lives and property, but in no respect for the purpose of assisting the Committee of Safety."

AT WASHINGTON.

The Navy Not in Sympathy With Cleveland's Policy.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 13.—(By the Associated Press.) The Navy Department today received the following dispatch from Admiral Irwin at Honolulu, dated December 4, brought by the Oceanic to San Francisco:

"The provisional government has 1000 men under arms at the palace prepared for defense."

There is not much attempt on the part of the Navy Department to conceal the satisfaction felt at the turn events have taken in Hawaii. The attitude of the provisional government toward the United States authority fails to awaken any great amount of indignation or condemnation in naval circles. The navy has been rather out of sympathy with the administration policy, and dissatisfaction has increased with the last news received. No intimation can be secured from the White House or from the State Department as to the probable time of sending the Hawaiian papers to the Senate.

It appears two letters to Minister Stevens from Secretary Blaine on the Hawaiian affairs, are missing and this is delaying the sending of the Hawaiian correspondence to the Senate. It is claimed that in these Stevens was instructed to foster annexation.

The statement that two important dispatches from Secretary Blaine to Minister Stevens are missing is denied at the State Department. It is ascertained that the story probably originated from the information given to Congressmen that letters from Minister Stevens to the Secretary had for some time foreshadowed a probable outbreak at Honolulu.

One in November, 1892, detailed the manner in which the outbreak would probably occur, and foretold the character of the revolution in a way which was verified by the events of January in minute particulars. To all this information from Minister Stevens it is said there is no response from the Secretary of State in the records of the department, and has not been at any time. The inference is that Minister Stevens understood what was desired for him to do and did not need further instructions.

It is claimed, also, that these dispatches from Stevens are to be relied upon to show that he had an understanding with the leaders of the provisional government as to the action they were going to take many months before the revolution.

HAS CLEVELAND FLUNKED?

CHICAGO, Dec. 13.—A Washington special says: There is a well-defined belief in diplomatic circles that the attempt of the Cleveland administration to restore the Hawaiian Queen to the throne has been abandoned. The belief is based on idle rumor, but on official information.

The information is stated to have come to one of the ambassadors from that embassy's home government. That the home government is understood to have received its information from Mr. M. T. H. Patterson, and to have immediately maintained its representative here with the information.

According to this information, there is just one possible chance of the Queen being restored. That chance consists of the Queen coming off her high horse and of the provisional government relinquishing its grip on power in the good will of the Cleveland administration, with the understanding that the United States will offer no hindrance to the annexations overthrowing the Queen immediately that she is restored.

A TRAMP'S MECCA.

Chicago Being Crowded With Rough and Disreputable Characters.

CHICAGO, Dec. 13.—(By the Associated Press.) As a result of the publication of the fact that Chicago is preparing to take care of the unemployed for the winter, tramps are flocking to the city by every train from all directions. The police authorities are taking measures to meet them as they come and face the above situation.

Already the city is crowded with rough and disreputable characters. The number of idle men who are anxious to work, is enormous, and the vicious element added, keep the people in constant alarm. The police are receiving reports from surrounding towns and cities for a distance of 200 miles showing a serious condition of affairs. There is no work for one-half of those who ask for it. The weather is cold and suffering intense in nearly all parts of the West. A similar condition is said to prevail in the East. The authorities are urged to the utmost to preserve order and prevent the wicked from committing serious crimes. At best there are many arrests.

Hanged a Sick Man.

ATHENS (Tenn.), Dec. 13.—John Armstrong, colored, was hanged for the murder of French Sharp, colored, in April last. Armstrong was sick and unable to stand on the gallows. He had to be held up while the noose was adjusted. He confessed his guilt, and expressed readiness to die.

IVES BADLY BEATEN

Shaeffer Beats the Chicago Expert.

This Makes the Result of the Tourney a Tie,

And Necesitates the Playing of Three More Games.

The Washington Jockey Club's Meeting at Benning's Ends—The Ivy Club to Take the Grounds—Racing at Bay District.

By Telegraph to The Times.

NEW YORK, Dec. 13.—Shaeffer's defeat of Ives in the billiard tournament makes the result a tie and necessitates three more games, each player having won and lost a game. Tonight's contest was a poor showing on the part of Ives, who was beaten 600 to 347. Shaeffer's average was 30; highest run, 87. Ives' average was 17, 7-20; highest run, 81.

ITS MOST PROSPEROUS MEET.

Close of the Washington Jockey Club's Races at Benning's.

RENNINGERS, (C.) Dec. 13.—(By the Associated Press.) The Washington Jockey Club closed the most prosperous meeting it has ever had. The Ivy City meeting will open tomorrow, notwithstanding all contrary reports. At the beginning it had been forced upon the members management of the club to avoid the mile-limit law, by erecting a betting-ring in the infield.

Six furlongs: Florence won, Ross second, Setauket third; time 1:37.

Six and one-half furlongs: Shelly Twice won, Rostrum second, Mask third; time 1:22½.

One mile: Roche won, Elroy second, Terrier third; time 1:44½.

Five and one-half furlongs: Our Jack won, Curacao second, Factotum third; time 1:37.

One mile: Top Gallant won, Bolero second, Arab third; time 1:44½.

Six furlongs: Remorse won, Strathmorn second, Grace Brown third; time 1:37.

ALL SMOOTH SAILING.

Corbett-Mitchell Contest Booked for January 25.

ST. LOUIS, Dec. 13.—(By the Associated Press.) A special to the Republic from Jacksonville says that the Florida Supreme Court today rendered an opinion sustaining the validity of the present municipal government in Jacksonville. This means the passage next Tuesday of an ordinance permitting pugilistic contests with five-ounce gloves, with guaranteed police protection.

The Corbett-Mitchell fight will now surely take place here on January 25. The Corbett will reach this city tomorrow morning and proceed at once to Mayport to inspect his training quarters.

Billy Thompson, Mitchell's representative, will reach here Monday. A private letter from Mitchell says he will train on Matto Island, opposite St. Augustine, and will arrive here about holiday time.

Bay District Races.

SAN FRANCISCO, Dec. 13.—(By the Associated Press.) Five furlongs: Joe Cotton (5 to 2) won, Normandie (2 to 1) second, North (4 to 1) third; time 1:39½.

Sir Charles, Vandallagh, George L., Mt. Carlos, Pasha, Conde and Triumph won.

Sixty-eighths of a mile: Lonnie (5 to 2) won, Alexis (10 to 1) second, Bazaar (4 to 1) third; time 1:39½. Little Tough, John Treat, Patricia, Greenhook, Jacobin, Alfred B. and Alexis ran.

One mile: Zobair (6 to 1) won, Happy Boy (even money) second, Boston Boy (5 to 2) third; time 1:45. Sheridan, Tigress and Quarterstaff also ran.

About six furlongs, handicap, purse \$500: Motte (7 to 1) won, Abi P. (5 to 1) second, Monowal (6 to 5) third; time 1:41½. To Murphy, Marcelle and Remond also ran.

Five furlongs: Last Chance won, Nelson second, Gladiola third; time 1:03½.

At New Orleans.

NEW ORLEANS, Dec. 13.—The track was heavy. Five and one-half furlongs: Bennett won, Miss Nannie second, Bazar third; time 1:35½.

Six furlongs: Tippecanoe won, Wiggin second, Wallace third; time 1:24½.

Six furlongs: Alibi won, Joe Woolman second, Rusty third; time 1:25½.

Five furlongs: Orinda won, Bonnie Kate second, Newby third; time 1:39½.

MINING MATTERS.

Sale of Important Properties—A "Salter" Arrested.

DENVER, Dec. 13.—(By the Associated Press.) A dispatch was received from New York, today, announcing that D. H. Moffatt and Eben Smith had sold the Victor mine, one of the best at Cripple Creek, to an English syndicate. The price was not stated, but is supposed to be \$1,000,000. Moffatt and it has yielded a profit of about \$60,000. The Mary Davin mine at Cripple Creek was sold today to George Mechen of Chicago for \$50,000.

FOOLED THE CAPITALISTS.

DENVER, Dec. 13.—(By the Associated Press.) John C. Chaney, accused of selling a "salter" to the Denver capitalists, including Judge Felton and D. H. Moffatt, was arrested at the Junta today. A partner, M. D. Morgan, was arrested a week ago. The mine had been made by sweating gold into the rock for eighteen inches.

REPUBLICAN.

The New York Legislature and Constitutional Convention Anti-Democratic.

ALBANY (N. Y.) Dec. 13.—(By the Associated Press.) As returned by the State Board of Canvassers, the Senate stands: Republicans, 19; Democrats, 13. Assembly: Republicans, 74; Democrats, 52. Republican majority on joint ballot, 28.

The constitutional convention will be composed of Republicans, 110; Democrats, 65.

Bartlett's plurality over Maynard for Court of Appeals is 101,064. Other Republican candidates have 23,000 to 35,000 pluralities.

MRS. NICHOLAUS.

The New York Herald Insists That She Has Departed.

NEW YORK, Dec. 13.—(By the Associated Press.) The Herald insists that Mrs. Nicholaus did depart for Europe, as formerly reported, and says that, notwithstanding denials, the statement is repeated that the couple have departed for Europe, and are now far out at sea. They sailed under the initial of "A." instead of N. W. Harris. Lawyer Hummel went to the pier and bade his fair client bon voyage.

[RAILROAD RECORD.]

THE RECEIVERS.

Salary Grab the Most Important Question Now.

Government Counsel on the Union Pacific Affairs—The Ivanhoe-Bush Tunnel Open for Traffic—The Colorado Midland.

By Telegraph to The Times.

OMAHA, Dec. 13.—(By the Associated Press.) Gen. Cowen, general counsel of the Government in the Union Pacific receivership, says that the application for \$18,000 salary each for the receivers will never come up again. The court will see how much actual labor falls to each of the five receivers, and will, in due time, fix the respective pay.

WORKING THE TUNNEL.

DENVER, Dec. 13.—(By the Associated Press.) The railroad officials decided not to wait until Sunday to open the new tunnel, but to do so Saturday night. The first train for traffic and tonight sent the first train of the Colorado Midland Pacific express through. The trip was successful, and trains will hereafter use this route to the coast.

THE WISCONSIN CENTRAL.

MILWAUKEE, Dec. 13.—(By the Associated Press.) Judge Jenkins has entered an order setting aside the order made by him on November 8, directing the receiver of the Wisconsin Central to cause the receiver to pay to the Northern Pacific receivers to pay to the Wisconsin Central rental for the time they operated the road, should not be modified.

HARRISON'S SLAYER.

Prendergast Agitated When the Possibilities of His Punishment Become Apparent.

CHICAGO, Dec. 13.—(By the Associated Press.) The jury in the case of Prendergast, for the assassination of Mayor Harrison, having been secured, the trial was begun this morning, with an opening address to the jury by half of the State by Assistant State's Attorney Todt. Todt claimed the action of the prisoner at the time of the shooting and subsequently showed that he was safe. At this time of argument Prendergast turned pale, and shrank back with ill-concealed agitation.

At the conclusion of Todt's address, Prendergast, in his opening address on behalf of the defense, said it would not be denied that Prendergast killed Harrison, the only question is whether to submit difference to arbitration, was defeated.

SOVEREIGN'S SPEECH.

BOSTON, Dec. 13.—A reception was tendered General Master Workman Sovereign and a newly-elected member of the general executive board of the Knights of Labor in Faneuil Hall to-night by members of the order in this city. The attendance was small.

A resolution calling for the enactment of laws to prevent employment from making opposition to employees to change their conditions of labor, and for the protection of the rich, was adopted.

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THE HOFFMAN HOUSE.

Unexcelled in this city for first-class furnishings and American comfort, \$1.50 to \$2.50 per day.

THE EAST SAN GABRIEL HOTEL.

One of the finest in Southern California—correspondence promptly answered. A. D. STRICKER, proprietor.

THE HOTEL JOSEPHINE, CORONADO, CALIFORNIA.

First-class hotel; appointments perfect; central location; electric cars pass door.

GALLY'S COTTAGES, OJAI VALLEY.

Small, comfortable, airy, quiet; rates reasonable.

CARLTON HOTEL, PASADENA.

American and European plans; reasonable rates; finest restaurant in the city.

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PERSONAL COFFEE,

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L. E. MOSHER.....Vice-President.
MARIAN OTIS.....Secretary.
ALBERT MCFLANDER.....Treasurer.Office: Times Building.
Telephone numbers: Editorial, 674; Business office, 29
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VOLUME XXV.

THIRTEENTH YEAR.

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THE TIMES-MIRROR COMPANY.

THE WORLD OF TODAY.

The civilized world has been of late like a great kaleidoscope with ever-changing lights and shadows forever forming and dissolving in its political and social arena, and with new pictures of controversy and new struggles of the social elements. Great battles of opinion have been and are being fought; nation is watching nation with jealous eye; new treaties are being formulated between them. The Northern Bear has embraced the young French republic, and thrones are watching the compact formed between them, as if already they smelt the smoke of battle afar off. The Pope, with one foot in his yawning grave, is calling for an Italian republic; France and Germany are terrorized by bombs in the hands of hydra-headed Anarchy; Africa is deluged with the blood of its dark sons, slain by the sword of England; South American States are rent with intestine struggles, and the flowery islands in the Pacific, which are late witness to the dethronement of their dusky Queen, are still looking to the United States for help to settle their controversies. In our own land we see great armies of unemployed, honest laborers in search of work, but not finding it. We see great battalions of vicious tramps scurrying upon the highways of travel, passing from city to city, demanding to be fed and transported, and threatening life and property if opposed in their unjust demands. Capital is timid, labor is in want. The murderous crank is abroad, and men in high place and power feel a sense of insecurity such as was never felt before in times of peace.

To what is the world tending? Is civilization to be revolutionized, and is freedom to prove an experiment that is a failure? Surely not. Out of this political and social evolution we shall emerge wiser for the lessons that have been taught us. It will result in a sifting of the aries, and the adoption of such only as are practical and beneficial. The straw men that have been set up as an army to do battle for the principles of liberty will be swept away, and men having freedom will be substituted for them—an invisible force capable of discerning between the right and the wrong in national affairs, will be our defenders. It is the battle of opinions that the world is fighting now, but as sure as the march of the race is onward that which is just and desirable and for the greater good will, in the end, triumph. Order will be brought out of the confusion and men will see clearer when this twilight of misrule has disappeared. Men must be taught, first of all, the majesty of law, and be so educated that they shall tremble to assail it. They must learn that the murderous bomb can never be an argument for freedom. The triumphs of liberty are won in some other way. These explosives are the engines of misrule and political chaos, and the civilized world is steady itself to grapple with and control them. The destructive philosophy of the Anarchist has no place in the enlightened economy of the nineteenth century. These political and lawless traitors, these enemies of themselves and the race, must be taught that there is no freedom in lawlessness, no liberty without accompanying restraint. And their repeated crimes are preparing the friends of human freedom all over the world to enforce that lesson, and the sooner it is enforced the better will it be for humanity everywhere. Then will come more rapid advancement and more enduring political prosperity to all nations.

OUR MIDWINTER FAIR.

As the time approaches for the opening of California's Midwinter Fair, the attention of the East, and, indeed, of the whole world, is being drawn more closely to it. There are those to whom a visit to the Golden State has been a long-dreamed-of hope. They have read of its grand possibilities, its marvelous development, its horticultural and agricultural advancement, and of its unparalleled soil and climate, and of its unique and varied charms of scenery, and they have longed for a view of this land of flowers and almost perpetual sunshine. And now, with the opening of the fair, this great empire upon the Pacific Slope will beckon to them more irresistibly than ever, and they will come here with great expectations of the exhibits to be presented, and of the delight which they will have in reading the story which they shall tell of the State's development and advancement. What we shall present to their view in this new city which is springing up in Golden Gate Park will be to them, in many respects, novel and strange. To see under the clear blue skies of January this city like a splendid summer dream, wrapped in a soft, warm atmosphere, and redolent with bloom, will be even a more charming picture to their eyes than the grandeur the "White City" presented to its visitors during the great Columbian Exposition. Here nature will appeal to them no less than man's handiwork, and they will marvel at her perfections. The golden sunshine, flooding sea and sky, will be more beautiful to their eyes than the white palaces mirrored in the waters of the great inland sea. They will wonder at the vast scale on which nature has here drawn her plan—the magnificence of

Remarkable discoveries of petroleum have been made on the island of Saghalien, off the eastern coast of Siberia. It is likely that this supply will furnish the China and India trade, and may limit the sales of Eastern petroleum on our own Pacific Coast. The European petroleum trade is almost entirely controlled by the Russian oil monopoly, which is a wealthy corporation that has resisted encroachments on its field as successfully as the Standard oil monopoly has done in this country. It is probable that the Russian oil operators will secure control of the Saghalien oil field if it proves as valuable as is now supposed.

The great irrigation dam of the Modesto and Turlock irrigation districts has been completed after two and a half years' work. With the adjacent canals, the work has so far cost \$1,800,000.

THE HAWAIIAN MUDDLE.

The latest reports from Honolulu represent that many of the leaders of the Royalist party admit that the success of the restoration depends on the armed protection of the monarchy by the United States. It is even reported that our administration has entered into an agreement with Great Britain, by the terms of which British marines are to land and protect the Queen after the United States forces have set her on the throne, and that a joint protectorate has been planned. This is probably wild talk, and will not readily obtain credence in this country. The idea of the leading republic in the world upholding a dusky Queen, of doubtful character, upon her island throne, by means of republican bayonets, and against the will of a great majority of the intelligent residents of the country, would be preposterous, and would deserve the mock of the United States the laughing-stock of the world. The Times approves, as an act of justice, the proposition to replace the Queen upon the throne, from which she was removed by the assistance of the United States troops. That is to say, the status quo, which existed on the islands previous to the intervention by our naval forces, should be restored. This, however, is a very different thing from maintaining a Royalist government, or, indeed, any sort of government. In attempting to do any such thing, Mr. Cleveland would be going entirely outside the range of his authority, as well as beyond the borders of reason. All that this country has to do in the premises is to restore the condition of affairs which existed on the islands before the American marines landed, and then to let nature take its course, as it were. If the Queen is strong enough to retain her uneasy seat upon her shaky throne, well and good, always provided that no injury shall be done to the lives or property of American citizens on the islands. Probably it is the sentiment of a great majority of Americans that we might go somewhat further, and declare that no foreign power shall interfere, so far as to annex or control the islands, and if it is in accordance with the wishes of the people of the country, we might establish a protectorate over it. But it appears to be the general sentiment that this is as far as we need go in any case. When the question first came up quite a hubbub was raised by a few papers in favor of annexation, and for a time the idea appeared to take with the people of this country; but, after sober, second thought, the belief has become wide-spread among those whose opinions are most entitled to respect, that it would not be wise for the United States to saddle itself with the ownership of the group of islands, in the middle of the Pacific Ocean, whose population is at present mainly composed of illiterate Kanakas and Chinamen, among whom is a large sprinkling of lepers. We have at present sufficient trouble in digesting and assimilating the mixed population which pours into our gates without further complicating the question by trying to swallow such a conglomeration at long range. Added to this is the great difficulty of defending the islands in case we should ever become involved with a foreign power. It would take the greater part of our navy to stand guard over such a distant possession, and it would be a difficult task to turn their backs upon this State until they have visited Southern California, and seen more of its attractions.

Meantime, the people of the United States have a right to know how long this serio-comedy is going to last, without their being informed of the plot. It seems to be about time that Mr. Cleveland should get out of his shell, and take into his confidence the 65,000,000 people, more or less, who have the honor to be represented by him at the White House.

THE CHINESE TRADE AND IMMIGRATION.

Secretary Gresham is credited with the opinion that there is little to hope from the future of our trade relations with the Spanish-American republics and is ambitious to extend our trade with China. We cannot see any reason why both these mercantile fields should not be good ones for Americans to cultivate. It is not necessary for us to give up South and Central America or Mexico because we extend the field of our operations to Asia. It is said that the State Department will soon enter upon negotiations looking to the adjustment of relations with China, and that a new treaty will be framed. California would specially benefit by increased trade with the Eastern coast of Asia, and any new treaty which will facilitate such a movement will be welcome here provided it does not reopen the vexed question of Chinese immigration, which has caused so much trouble on this coast. It is said that the Chinese government is satisfied with the amendment to the Geary Act, and is not anxious to extend the privilege of immigration for its people. If such is the case then those Eastern humanitarians who are friends of the Chinese at long range, should let well enough alone and not attempt to dictate to the government a policy which is obnoxious to that section of the country which has to carry at least nine-tenths of the Chinese problem. The original Geary Act was an unreasonable measure. Now that the time for registration has been extended there is nothing further to complain of in that line. We believe in doing full justice to the Chinese who are here, but we do not believe in opening the gates of the Pacific to unrestricted immigration from Asia any more than we approve of indiscriminate immigration from Europe.

The decline in the price of silver has stimulated the production of gold. Experts in mining say that next year this country is likely to produce \$50,000,000 in gold, or 50 per cent addition to the present product. There are many more chances now of large discoveries of gold than of silver, and if the enterprise devoted to developing the white metal goes into discovery and working of gold mines, Colorado and Nevada may become gold States within a few years.

The tariff bill will be reported to the House on Tuesday next, but discussion is not expected to begin until after the holidays.

"Nobility Asked You, Sir," She Said.

(Pasadena Star, Editorial.)—Hervey Lindley has had the nerve to write to The Times that he is not a candidate for renomination for Congress; and the idea that anybody had ever thought of such a thing as applies to the editorial franchise of the Times is rather startling. In their haste to disclaim any such suicidal thought, Mr. Lindley was in an evil moment allowed to become the standard-bearer of the Republican party, but he led it to defeat, chiefly through the lack of popularity and the very least he can do is to take back track and keep quiet. His nomination, if such a thing were possible, would, we believe, be repudiated by every Republican editor in the district.

VITAL STATISTICS.

The Health Officers' Annual Report.

The Number of Deaths During the Year 1893.

Of Which a Large Percentage Were Visitors.

The City Practically Free from Anything Like Contagious Diseases—A Very Creditable Show.

plumbing inspector to examine into and correct all defective plumbing in buildings already erected and occupied. The plumbing inspector or assistant building superintendent has as much work to do as one man can do in superintending the plumbing in new buildings.

"I have attended over three hundred sick persons, making over eight hundred visits. The greater number of those who call at the office for treatment are not considered as being sent to the free dispensary."

The expense of the health office for the year ending November 30, 1893, is given as follows:

Salaries, \$597.63; city pesthouse, \$9,000; city Redding Hospital for the month of December, 1892, and January 1893, \$150.17; incidental expenses, \$287.57; total, \$26,510.35; removal and disposal of dead animals, \$188.36; removal and disposal of garbage, \$13,794.93; total, \$15,677.79; grand total, \$22,183.14.

MUSICAL MENTION.

At yesterday's meeting of the Board of Health, Health Officer Powers presented his annual report, from which the following extracts are taken:

"The death rate for the year has been based upon an estimated population of 65,000, which estimate has been verified by the Great Register and the Santa Fe census. There have been 954 deaths in the city during the year, which gives a death rate of 14.7 per 1,000. Of these 954 deaths, 109 were of persons who had resided in the city less than one year; 146 of persons who were treated in the various hospitals of the city, and 150 were certified to the Coroner. In order to make the report more complete, I have included with the views of the latest and best writers the causes of death have been classified under nine heads, as follows:

One hundred and ninety-six from specific infectious diseases; 84 from diseases of the digestive system; 28 from diseases of the respiratory system; 57 from diseases of the nervous system; 37 from diseases of the genito-urinary organs; 39 from constitutional diseases; 48 from accidents, violence and accidents; 66 from miscellaneous diseases. Just how many deaths from other assigned causes than specific infectious diseases that should have been classified under that head it is difficult to state. Yet it can be confidently asserted that all or most of the deaths reported as causes of death in this croup should have been classified as diphtheria, and that many of the deaths reported caused by consumption or phthisis should have been reported as cases of tuberculosis, deaths we would consider as due to consumption in specific infectious diseases or preventable diseases, in our report increased; and those from other causes, particularly diseases of the respiratory system, much reduced.

"There were 95 deaths reported, 120 were of children under the age of 1 year. The assigned causes of the deaths of the children were principally as follows: Twenty-five from diseases of the digestive system; 22 from diseases of the respiratory system; 21 from constitutional diseases; 20 from croup.

"The quattuor will begin on the removal of the general offices of the Southern California Railroad from Phillips' Block to the new Bradbury building, corner of Broadway and Third street. It is expected that the company will be settled in the new building by New Year's day.

"A. J. de Ruyse, Pacific Coast agent of the Texas and Pacific road, was here yesterday on his way to Texas.

"A Raymond & Whitecomb excursion of ten cars, seven of them Pullman passenger cars, will arrive Saturday. The passengers are bound for both Los Angeles and San Diego.

"The Santa Fe overland came in last evening in two sections, carrying 217 passengers.

was obdurate, and refused to give it up. Finally, however, Rogers concluded to consult the District Attorney as to the validity of the warrant, and finding that having obtained possession of the warrant by fraudulent means the levy would be void, he returned it to the Auditor, who subsequently delivered it to Blake.

RAILROAD NEWS.

Los Angeles Boys' Luck—Struck 1 Pich.

The Prescott (Arizona) Journal-Miner of the 11th inst. has this: "I. A. Healy, brother of F. A. Healy, general freight and passenger agent of the Santa Fe, Prescott and Phoenix Railway, arrived last night from Signal with samples from his rich copper and gold mines. The copper specimens show from 30 to 70 per cent. copper, and are counted the richest find in the Territory. The gold specimens are very rich also. The location of these mines has heretofore rendered them of small value, due to the distance from market, and the rough country through which one had to pass to reach the mine. But the opening of the Santa Fe, Prescott and Phoenix Railway to Congress will establish good road, and make the property very valuable. F. A. Healy has acquired an interest in these claims, and he is to be congratulated on his success in getting hold of such good property."

F. A. Healy was chief clerk for Auditor Whitehead of the Southern California Railway for five years, and had many friends in Los Angeles who will be pleased to learn of his good fortune.

SCRAP HEAP.

Next Sunday the time of arrival of the Santa Fe overland train, which is now 7:50 a.m., will be changed to 9 a.m., making the running time from Chicago to Los Angeles an hour and ten minutes longer.

"Chamber of Commerce work will begin on the removal of the general offices of the Southern California Railroad from Phillips' Block to the new Bradbury building, corner of Broadway and Third street. It is expected that the company will be settled in the new building by New Year's day.

"A. J. de Ruyse, Pacific Coast agent of the Texas and Pacific road, was here yesterday on his way to Texas.

"The health officer reported that a few days ago it was desired to send a typhoid fever patient to the County Hospital. On application to the authorities of the place, however, it was stated that there was no place for such a patient in the hospital. The reason given for this refusal to accept the patient was that the isolated rooms were being occupied by the nurses on the night watch.

"Major Rowan spoke earnestly in reference to the matter. He said that when he was a member of the Board of Supervisors he had had the building of isolated apartments for the reception of contagious or infectious cases. Although some of the members of that board were opposed to the plan at that time they nevertheless expressed themselves as very glad that the separate building was put there. It seemed to be bad if the building could not now be used for the purpose intended.

"There was some further discussion, but no formal action was taken on the question.

"The latter of having been spoken of, Dr. Kurtz said that since the Board of Health was first organized there had appeared to be a lack of harmony between the board and the City Council.

"As the former physician of the board was not present at that time, he was not able to speak of that kind under which the board could work he was in favor of having all complaints brought to the board in reference to matters that should be governed by a plumbing ordinance referred to the City Council.

"He was asked if he could not settle the matter in the court of law.

"He said that he only arrived from Ravenna yesterday, and that he does not know the Jones referred to.

St. Paul's Benefit Concert.

The box sheet for sales of tickets for the benefit concert of the Los Angeles Orphans' Home, which is to take place Saturday evening, is now open at the Los Angeles Theater, and regular seats may be obtained without extra cost. This concert is in aid of the most deserving charities of our city, and, while the programme arranged is a fine one, and in every respect calculated to draw patronage, the public should not confine their attention to the more aristocratic performances who should bear in mind that every dollar invested is in a worthy cause, and that the entire proceeds, without a single expenditure, are to be turned directly to the treasury of the home, to render it self-supporting.

Made an Example of.

John H. Jones, a young man from Ravenna, came to town the other day, and got on a drunk, and while in an intoxicated condition insulted several ladies who chance to have been on the street. He was promptly arrested, and put in jail for the night.

"Yesterday Justice Seaman sentenced him to thirty days in jail for his unbecoming conduct. Jones is very well known, and it is said that he holds a very responsible position in the town for which he resides.

"J. Hugh Jones of Ravenna, last evening called at the Times to say that he was not the John H. Jones who figured in the affair. He says that he only arrived from Ravenna yesterday, and that he does not know the Jones referred to.

St. Paul's Social.

Last evening the members and friends of St. Paul's Church met at the parish hall for an open social, which proved a very enjoyable occasion, although entirely formal. The social was under charge of the entertainment chapter of the guild, and was for the purpose of promoting acquaintance and friendly intercourse in the society.

"After brief readings by Rev. Dr. Gray, from the life and writings of Charles Kingsley, an hour or more was passed in conversation and refreshments were served by the ladies of the chapter.

To the State Board of Horticulture.

"My Name is Joe Bowers." I am an honest farmer. I am not a speculator. Because it does not pay sins.

"That is the reason why I merely will inform you. I am not a speculator. My name is Joe Bowers.

"I am not a speculator. My name is Joe Bowers.

"I am not a speculator. My name is Joe Bowers.

"I am not a speculator. My name is Joe Bowers.

"I am not a speculator. My name is Joe Bowers.

"I

A NICE DISTINCTION.**Admission of Aliens to Citizenship.****A Technical Point Decided by Judge Shaw.****Further Hearing of the Gier Damage Suit.****Progress of the Southern Pacific Condemnation Case—Suits for Divorce Filed. General Court Notes—New Suits.**

Judge Shaw was called upon to decide an interesting technical point with reference to the admission of aliens to citizenship, yesterday morning. Enoch Hirst, a native of England, applied for such admission, upon the ground that he had served and been honorably discharged from the United States Navy, which fact, he claimed, exempted him from having to go through the usual formality of declaring his intention to become a citizen, and waiting two years. The court, however, declined to accept this claim as sufficient, and took the matter under advisement. After duly considering the question, Judge Shaw, later in the day, ordered that the application be denied, for the reasons set forth in the following opinion:

"Enoch Hirst applies to be admitted to become a citizen of the United States; without having previously declared his intention to become such citizen, and bases his petition upon the fact that he has heretofore enlisted in the navy of the United States, and has been honorably discharged therefrom.

The right to naturalization under these circumstances is claimed under the provisions of sec. 216 of the United States Revised Statutes, which provides that if any alien has enlisted in the 'regular or volunteer forces,' and has been honorably discharged, he may be admitted as a citizen without any previous declaration of intention, and upon proof of one year's residence only. It was held in the case of *John C. Goyer*, 290 U. S. by Judge Deady, of the United States District Court, that under this section a person who had enlisted in the navy, and had been honorably discharged therefrom, was not entitled to citizenship on account of such service. The writer does not feel bound by one of the Superior Courts in the State of New York, but I think the decision of the District Court of the United States is the best authority. The decision is elaborate, and well considered, and the reasoning satisfactory. The application is refused."

GIER DAMAGE SUIT.

Judge Clark and a jury were again occupied all day in Department Two yesterday in listening to the testimony for the plaintiff in the damage suit brought by W. H. Gier against the Los Angeles Consolidated Electric Railway Company for personal injuries sustained at the switch opposite Coulter's store, on Spring street, on January 29, 1892, by reason of the alleged carelessness of Motormen Defrain.

During the day's session eleven witnesses were examined on behalf of the plaintiff, including Gier himself. During the afternoon session he was called upon to strip to the waist, while Dr. G. W. Finch pointed out to the jury the permanent deformities the plaintiff had sustained by reason of being crushed between the two cars. It was shown that several bones were cut, a place both shoulder-blades and collar bones displaced, the spinal column injured, and the right arm rendered almost useless.

Upon examination Mr. Pope endeavored to show by Gier's own statement of his conduct that he was not only aware of his damage in time to avoid getting caught between the cars, after Defrain had started the University car on the switch, but that he made no effort to escape from it. The plaintiff, however, maintained stoutly that until he turned his head just as the car was upon him, he was not able to move, so he did not realize his position. Gier was still upon the stand when court adjourned for the day, and the matter will be taken up again this morning.

S. P. CONDEMNATION SUIT.

The trial of the condemnation suit instituted by the Southern Pacific Company to secure a right-of-way over a strip of land at Alameda and Washington streets, belonging to Michael Leahy, was resumed before Judge Van Dyke in the Superior Court yesterday, five witnesses being called for the defendant, and eight for the plaintiff, during the day's session, for the purpose of showing the value of the land in controversy. Just before court adjourned for the day, counsel for the defendant requested that the jury be taken down to view the premises, but it being then too late to do so, an order was made that the jurors be escorted down there this morning, before 10 o'clock, and the case went over until that time.

Court Notes.

Joseph Hughes, an ex-policeman, convicted of burglary in the first degree, on Tuesday last, appeared before Judge Smith yesterday morning to receive sentence, and was committed to San Quentin for the term of three years.

Upon motion of the District Attorney a new information was filed in Department One yesterday, charging Arthur Lewis with the embezzlement of \$175 from the Fisher & Boyd Piano Company, and the arraignment of the defendant thereto was set for this morning.

Francis McBride, an Irishman, was duly admitted to citizenship of the United States by Judge Clark yesterday, upon producing the necessary proofs of residence and qualification, and taking the required oaths of renunciation and allegiance.

The administrator of the estate of Charles Devendorf, deceased, was ordered by Judge Clark yesterday morning to sell all the horses and a wagon belonging to said estate, at either public or private sale, and an owner was also made fixing the family allowance at \$3 per month for six months.

Upon motion of J. W. Hendricks, Esq., and in accordance with the recommendation of the Examining Committee, the Bar Association, L. G. Kellogg was duly admitted to practice in the Superior Court, by Judge Shaw yesterday morning.

The defendant Ames, in the case of the Vernon Irrigation District vs. the City of Los Angeles et al., was yesterday given thirty days' additional time by Judge Shaw, within which to prepare his proposed statement upon motion for a new trial therein.

Judge Shaw yesterday morning heard and granted the application of Elizabeth Gassen for a decree divorcing her from M. Gassen, upon the grounds of desertion and failure to provide, the defendant having submitted to a default.

Suits for divorce upon sundry statutory grounds have been commenced in the Superior Court by Emma J. Moody against John Y. Moody, and Lillian Moore against John S. Moore. The defendants in the case of Cath-

ine Escallier vs. F. M. Bailey et al., are about to meet title to two lots in the Aliso tract, having submitted to a default. Judge Shaw yesterday afternoon ordered a decree for the plaintiff therein, as prayed for.

The trial of the suit of H. Susskind vs. John C. Cline, Sheriff, for damages alleged to have sustained by reason of an illegal attachment, was resumed before Judge McKinley yesterday, but at the close of the cross-complainant's case, the matter went over until today.

New Suits.

Among the documents filed with the County Clerk yesterday were the preliminary papers in the following new cases:

Ferdinand Cordua vs. Mattie Evans et al., suit to recover \$1187.30, money exacted by plaintiff for defendant, prior to his marriage with plaintiff.

Nellie R. Phillips et al. vs. Alice J. Michelson et al., suit to recover \$600 alleged to be due on an agreement to convey.

TODAY'S CALENDAR.

Department One—Judge Clark: People etc. vs. Arthur Lewis, embezzlement; arraignment.

People etc. vs. S. P. Richards, assault to murder; arraignment.

People etc. vs. Francisco Maldonado et al., felony.

Department Two—Judge Clark: Estate of Mary Goodkin, deceased; letters.

Estate of Albert Herminghaus, deceased; will.

Jesse W. Woodruff vs. R. N. C. Wilson, deficiency judgment.

W. H. Gier vs. Los Angeles Consolidated Electric Railway Company: on trial.

Department Four—Judge Van Dyke: Louise Hahne vs. Marie de Bremond; services.

D. W. Field, administrator, vs. M. Andrade et al., motion for new trial.

Southern Pacific Company vs. Michael Leahy: on trial.

A. S. Halstead vs. Union Oil Company et al.; accounting.

Department Five—Judge Shaw: W. W. Weston, P. A. Stanton et al.; accounting.

Department Six—Judge McKinley: Victor Martinez vs. Los Angeles Consolidated Railway Company; damages.

H. Susskind vs. J. C. Cline, Sheriff; on trial.

GAMEWELL GETS IT.**The Bids for the Fire Alarm Appliances Accepted.**

REGULAR MEETING OF THE BOARD OF FIRE COMMISSIONERS—Chief Moriarty Reports Weights of Engines—Watzel's Resignation Accepted.

The Fire Commission met yesterday morning with all the members present except Mr. Wirsching, who was necessarily kept away on account of United States jury duty.

Requisitions for repairs to engine No. 2, as laid over from the last meeting, were approved.

Applications from Alexander Simpson for a position as engineer, and from Fred C. Barr for a position as callman, were received and filed.

A communication signed by N. E. Johnson and another asking that permission be granted to erect a logging mill at the corner of Del Monte street and the Southern Pacific Railway, if it lay within the jurisdiction of the board to grant such permission, notwithstanding the protest against the same which had been presented, was laid on the table, and the resolution was ordered returned to the petitioners with the information that the board had no power to grant such permission.

Chief Moriarty reported the weights of the fire engines respectively as follows: Engine No. 1, with water and two men, 700 pounds; engine No. 2, empty, 6700 pounds; engine No. 3, with coal, water and two men, 7600 pounds; engine No. 4, with coal and water, 6870 pounds; engine No. 5, with coal, water and two men, 7100 pounds; engine No. 6, with coal and water, 6900 pounds; engine No. 7, with coal and water, 5900 pounds; engine No. 8, with coal, water and two men, 5900 pounds.

The report was referred to the committee of the whole.

The requisitions and demands were approved.

The matter of proposals for furnishing fire-alarm appliances, the propositions for which had been referred from the City Council, was then considered.

A communication from George P. Lovell, electrical inspector of the Pacific Insurance Union, stated that the fire alarm appliances proposed to be furnished by the Gamewell Company, and also those proposed to be supplied by the Municipal Fire and Police Telegraph Company, would be equally safe.

Commissioner Brodrick moved to recommend to the City Council to enter into a contract with the Gamewell Company for the furnishing of apparatus for \$2767.50, the same to be according to the company's bid, with some slight modifications suggested by the electrician. Adopted.

Martin Wetzel presented his resignation as relief engineer, which resignation was accepted. Martin Dunn was elected to fill the vacancy thus caused, and he was then adjourned.

It was stated last evening that members of the Council had been furnished with copies of certain correspondence which had passed in reference to the bids for fire alarm appliances, and that an investigation would be made before the bid was finally awarded to the Gamewell Company. This was not the lowest bid, and the Council will probably order an inquiry, when some light may be thrown on the methods which have heretofore prevailed.

Amateur Baseball.

The first game of baseball of the series of five to be played for the championship of Southern California, between the Los Angeles Grays and Olympics, will be played Sunday at Athletic Park. The teams played a twelve-inning game at Washington street last evening before a large crowd, in which the Olympics were victorious by the score of 7 to 6. These games will be the opening of amateur baseball in Los Angeles, and every game will be for blood. The teams are composed of the best amateur talent in the city, including many old favorites.

RAMONA!

THE GEM OF THE SAN GABRIEL VALLEY.

Only Three Miles from City Limits of Los Angeles.

Property of San Gabriel Wine Co., original owners.

Located at Shore's Station on line of S. P. R. R. near San Gabriel Valley Rapid Transit Railroad.

From 10 to 15 minutes to the City.

Cheapest Suburban Town Lot.

Villa Sites or Acreage Property.

Popular Terms. Purest Spring Water.

Inexhaustible Supply Guaranteed.

Apply at office of

SAN GABRIEL WINE CO.,

Ramona, Los Angeles Co., Cal., or to M. D. Williams, Ramona.

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PUBLIC LIBRARY.**Annual Report of the Trustees.****Demand for More Room and Better Accommodations.****The Comparative Statistics of Other Libraries Presented.****A Defense of the Action of the Board in Regard to Sending a Delegate to the Chicago Exposition.**

Following is the report of the library trustees for the past year, filed with the Council at its meeting on Monday last:

LOS ANGELES, Cal., Dec. 11, 1893.
The honorable Council of the City of Los Angeles, Cal.—Gentlemen: We beg to submit the annual report of the Los Angeles Public Library for the year ending 30th of November, 1893, according to the city charter.

The statistics and other useful information in regard to the work of the library and its present condition, are contained in the report of the Librarian (a synopsis of which has heretofore been published) the same being made a part of this report.

As you will be able to note by an examination of the tables contained in the Librarian's report, the use of the library by the public has steadily grown, year by year, until now, when we find 13,465 people enrolled active members of the library, drawing for home use for the past year 297,654 volumes.

While the demands upon the library by the public have increased in such astonishing ratio, the board has not been able, on account of the limited space allotted for the use of the library, to also increase all of the limited means at its disposal, to give the amount of satisfaction in the service which the public has a right to demand through the assistance of your honorable body. Our crying necessity is for more room and better accommodations. It is a fact demanding recognition that it is the responsibility of the service that is possible to render in the present cramped quarters and with the small amount that remains after payment of the necessary running expenses. If the library could be afforded a room that would be convenient to access to the shelves, the result would be the greatest accommodation to the public and also diminution of the expense which is at present unavoidable. If an arrangement could be made by the library to be removed to a location where better accommodations could be secured, it would be of the greatest service to the public. Or, if this board had the means at its disposal for the establishment of a delivery station, at least four of the outlying parts of the city, the pressure upon the central library would be so much decreased that it would be a great deal easier to handle the large crowds that come to the library daily. For this relief we speak of the many of the 13,465 members of the library and of the many more who would like to avail themselves of its privileges.

We call your particular attention to the statement of receipts and expenditures contained in this report, and, while we are sure that the amounts expended are large, we are satisfied that they will not appear unnecessarily so, if they are studied in relation to the amount of work done and the good accomplished. In the control of all expenditures, to see that the library obtains value received for every dollar disbursed, and as this question of expenditures has provoked some comment, mostly, we admit, of the unthinking part, we append herewith a tabulated statement showing the home circulation of those public libraries in the United States which issue over two hundred thousand volumes annually for "home use;" also the number of volumes contained in each library, the population of each city according to the census of 1890, and the total salary roll in each instance. We have appended to this list a statement of the principal San Francisco libraries, none of which properly come in the above-mentioned classification, but for the reason that comparisons have been made with such libraries and we desire to set forth the figures so as to settle the worth of relative standing forever.

The table is as follows:

PUBLIC LIBRARIES CIRCULATING OVER 200,000 VOLUMES FOR "HOME USE."

City	Home No.	Pop.	Salaries
Chicago	98,091	185,500	\$15,187.27
Boston	72,052	448,477	\$10,052.50
Baltimore	442,651	122,771	43,429
Jersey City	345,059	32,110	163,963
New York	305,888	115,661	220,000
Detroit	315,888	115,661	16,128.52
Newark	272,317	45,957	181,839
Los Angeles	267,654	20,768	14,586.67
St. Louis	254,028	20,768	59,955
Cincinnati	254,517	262,705	12,836.81
San Francisco	—	—	32,546.83
Minneapolis	—	—	—
Indians	152,709	62,444	298,997
Mercantile	—	—	10,052.50
Public Li.	139,630	74,200	298,997
Private	—	—	18,628.00

It will be observed that, whereas we, with a total of 24,322 volumes, circulate 267,654 volumes per annum, with a salary roll of \$10,979 per annum, the San Francisco Public Library having at its command 74,200 volumes, circulating 139,630 volumes per annum, with a salary roll of \$18,628.

The comparative use made of their public libraries by eleven prominent cities of the United States is shown by the following table, which gives the average number of books circulated to each inhabitant:

Average number of books per capita:

(1) Jersey City	3.3 cents
(2) New York	2.11
(3) Minneapolis	2.02
(4) Boston	1.64
(5) Baltimore	1.53
(6) Newark	1.49
(7) St. Louis	1.02
(8) Cincinnati	.90
(9) Chicago	.85
(10) Indianapolis	.85
(11) San Francisco	.47

The number of books in the several cities named is shown in the following table, which gives the average expense (in salaries) per volume circulated:

(1) Jersey City

(2) New York

(3) Minneapolis

(4) Boston

(5) Baltimore

(6) Newark

(7) St. Louis

(8) Cincinnati

(9) Chicago

(10) Indianapolis

(11) San Francisco

Thus it appears that, while Los Angeles shows the largest per capita circulation of any of the cities named, the expense of circulating was, however, the lowest in any other city, with but one exception—Jersey City. In three of the cities named, the expense per volume was over three times that incurred in Los Angeles. While the general average of cost in the eleven cities was 7.5 cents per volume, Los Angeles had an expense of only 4.1 cents. A comparison of general averages such as here given is irrefutable testimony as to the efficiency of the Los Angeles Public Library, and the economy of its management.

This board was invited to send to the

World's Fair at Chicago an exhibit showing its system of management, its forms and records in use, its labor-saving devices and specimens of the most valuable prints, maps, and graphic views of the library interior and exterior; said exhibit was prepared and sent forward for exhibition at a small cost, and we have not heard that this expense has been objected to. The board was further invited to send a delegate to the World's Congress of Librarians, and to the meeting of the American Librarians' Association—special consideration being shown to Los Angeles in this invitation. The board took the matter up, and after a careful examination of the charter arrived unanimously at the conclusion that it was legally authorized to do the thing which common sense and the most ordinary regard for the interests of our library or city would dictate, to send a representative to this important congress and meeting.

Among the duties imposed upon this board by the charter, in addition to the general provisions for the proper equipment and running of the library, is that of maintaining it according to the spirit and intent of its provisions. Viewed as a public institution, the proper maintenance of the library must be in accordance with the dignity of the city, and in aid of its claims as the metropolis of Southern California, the most attractive place for the health-seeker, tourist, capitalist, manufacturer and agriculturist. Our claims to be considered the Italy of America would be very poorly supported if our public library, our schools and churches were allowed to fall into a neglected condition, but, apart from these general considerations, and superior to them, as having a more direct bearing upon the library as an institution, the board recognized that this congress was called to consider and discuss the latest and most advanced methods and systems of government, conduct and maintenance of public libraries; to obtain by comparison and comment the best information upon the subject of public libraries and the most modern systems of management and control thereof, and that the attendance of a delegate from this library at such a gathering would not only be of great benefit to the library, and conducive to its improvement and probably to some further economy in its methods. Having these sentiments, the board concluded that it would be properly chargeable with neglect of its duty and willful blindness to the interests of our library to decline to accept the invitation tendered, and to send a representative to the congress at the World's Fair. The board is perfectly willing, aside from all technicalities, to submit this question to the judgment of the enlightened citizens of Los Angeles, feeling sure that the comparatively trifling outlay involved in sending a delegate would be amply repaid in the advantages accrued.

We would not have said so much upon this point were it not that an attempt had been made by ignorant and prejudiced people to criticize in an entirely unwarrantable manner the action and methods of this board, and to prevent the payment of the sum appropriated.

The civil service rules originally adopted by this board have been found to work admirably. Appointments and promotions on the staff of employees, and without regard to political influence. Regular examinations have been held, and by the system of training, during which the pupils give their time without pay, the library has been able to secure a considerable amount of valuable help, besides educating the pupils in the discharge of their duties, and thus raising the standard of proficiency. So far from the class being a burden upon the resources of the library, it has been of great assistance, and has more than paid for itself in the saving of time and money in the performance of its maintenance. We call attention in this connection to that part of the Librarian's report in which the number of hours of gratuitous service performed by the pupils is set forth.

The board receives reports from the librarians from time to time showing the regularity with which the staff of employees is discharging its duties, and the interest which they severally take in the endeavors made to render the institution of the greatest service to the public. The library is well run, and maintained by the staff and by the teachers, and others interested in library work, is an admirable organization, and in its membership and attendance shows the extent to which the employees are devoted to the spirit of their avocation.

The work of the library during the past year is commanded by the board, and the faithful services of the librarian and first assistant merit the warmest recognition. Miss Keiso has heretofore demonstrated her fitness for the responsible position she holds, and the board desires to reprove cordially in her ability and integrity.

In the conduct of so large a business,

each day involving thousands of transactions, it would be remarkable if some few complaints, just or unjust, should not be made. It is only fair to state to the public that there is no case that has come to our knowledge that has there been any well-grounded cause for dissatisfaction on the part of the public, but, on the contrary, very warm expressions of approval of the service given, generally coupled however with a wish for the development of the library's resources. Respectfully submitted,

G. A. Dobinson, president; Sheldon Borden, W. A. Spalding, F. H. Howard.

LAURA PERKINS AGAIN.

She Has Gone Back to Her Lankershim Home

and Kin.

Another chapter, possibly final, has been added to the Laura Perkins episode, related in the columns of The Times, a week or two since. The girl has returned to Lankershim. Her reputed aunt, Mrs. Richardson (who, by the way, is to be no nearer of kin to the girl than the divorced wife of the girl's uncle), visited Santa Monica, and secured audience with her daughter, who, it is said, is still under the care of Dr. Mrs. Richardson, who consented without persuasion to accompany Mrs. Richardson back to the Lankershim ranch, and did so accompany her, in spite of the earnest protests of her Santa Monica friends and benefactors.

Witnesses declare that in the presence of Dr. Mrs. Richardson, the girl said to

skin, scalp and blood diseases which are speedily and permanently cured by the CUTICURA REMEDIES at a trifling cost.

Cuticura

Works Wonders

and its cures are the most remarkable performed by any blood and skin remedy of modern times.

Sold throughout the world. FEVER DANCE AND CREME, Sole Proprietors, Boston. "All about the Skin, Scalp and Hair," free.

Complexion, hands and hair preserved, purified and beautified by Cuticura Soap.

Temple-street Cut.

The work of preparing a map of the Temple-street assessment district is now in progress in the office of the City Engineer. The map is a long one, and it requires a piece of tracing-paper divided into three parts, each of which is to be put on the map. The map cannot be put on in one solid piece, but is in two sections. The hearing on the protest against the work is to come before the City Council the second Monday in January. It will be remembered, however, that the majority protest against the work is not a legal one, but merely an expression of opinion on the part of property owners.

Tax Collector's Annual Report.

The City Tax and License Collector, in his annual report to the City Council, states that the total of the various sums collected in his office for the year ending the first of the present month was \$658,440.30. The items of this amount were: 1. Items, \$164,624.50; needs, \$32; dog tags, \$158; taxes, \$487.77; personal property, \$389.03; advertised delinquent tax list, \$974; certificates of tax sales, \$495.

The total last year was \$606,996.77, which amount is \$51,443.53 less than the total sum reported for this year.

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ALWAYS READY FOR DUTY

POND'S EXTRACT

Wherever inflammation exists POND'S EXTRACT will find and will alay it. It is invaluable for CATARRH, PILSES, COLDS, SORE EYES, SORE THROAT, HOARSENESS, RHEUMATISM, WOUNDS, BRUISES, SPRAINS, all HEMORRHAGES and INFLAMMATIONS.

REFUSE SUBSTITUTES.

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Pioneer Truck Co.,

No. 3 Market-st.

Piano, Furniture, Safe moving, Baggage and freight delivered promptly.

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DR. WONG,

713 S. Main st., Los Angeles.

25 CENTS

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CUTICURA

Since a cake of CUTICURA SOAP costing 25 cents is sufficient

to test the virtues of these great curatives there is now no

reason why thousands should go through life

Tortured Disfigured Humiliated

by skin, scalp and blood diseases which are speedily and permanently cured by the CUTICURA REMEDIES at a trifling cost.

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purified and beautified by Cuticura Soap.

Pain is the cry of a suffering nerve.

Cuticura Anti-Pain Plaster is the first and only pain-killing plaster.

Dr. Wong's SANITARIUM!



INTRINSIC VALUE.

A NEW INVENTION of positively intrinsic value! Jaffes' INTRINSIC Tonic, composed of Pueraria, Peppermint, Root, Root bark, Sarsaparilla and dandelion roots, buchu, capsicum, honey and the best California Sherry Wine. Every honest physician will admit

LET HIM GO.

**The Jury Finds Smith
Not Guilty.**

**Once More the Insanity Plea
is Successful.**

**The Brutal Murder of George Neale
is Unavenged.**

**After Four Hours' Deliberation the Twelve
Men Decide to Set the Defendant
Free Whether He is In-
sane or Not.**

The halls and corridors of the government building were thronged all day long, yesterday, for the murder trial in which Capt. Samuel G. Smith is the defendant, was drawing to a close. As the moment when the prisoner at the bar should learn from the lips of the foreman of the jury whether he would again breath the air of freedom or meet a murderer's doom approached, interest was heightened, and those who were unable to find seats in the crowded courtroom gathered about in knots, eagerly discussing in subdued tones the possible outcome of the pending case.

The defense opened their side soon after 10 o'clock by putting on the stand several witnesses who testified in support of the claim of hereditary insanity as advanced and relied upon almost wholly by the defendant as the only hope of saving the defendant from a death sentence.

Smith himself was then sworn, but he gave answer to but one particular question and that was that he was not addicted to strong drink. Throughout the remainder of the trial he sat silent, intently watching everything that transpired and listening to what was said. If his countenances were changed he did not evince any signs that would indicate such to be the case.

Interest in the hearing was unflagging and the utmost quiet prevailed during the two hours of argument.

The commission of the crime having been admitted by the defense the only evidence desired by the defense was to brace up the theory of insanity and in this case progressed up to the noon recess.

At 1 o'clock Attorney Brooks asked leave to recall young Silberry to put him some query which he had previously forgotten.

The court allowed the request, but stated that it was the last time that he would permit the witness to be recalled and that it should be an end to the trial sometime.

Silberry took the stand and answered several questions asked for the purpose of impeachment, Capt. Hunt being called in the same connection.

Mr. Hunt had called Silberry and the Chief of Police of San Diego when Silberry went down to the sloops to show in what position he and Smith were at the time Neale was thrown overboard.

Silberry, a nephew of the defendant, was sworn next. Testimony he gave was as follows: "I went on one voyage with Capt. Smith in September of last year on the schooner Lou. We went down the California Coast for a load of guano. I had ample opportunity to know his character and when I first met him his conversation struck me as being particularly singular. On the trip, when the wind would blow, and a light storm come up, he would get excited, and seem very nervous. Once when we were quite close to shore, the wind suddenly died. The captain became at once almost wild, and shouted as loud as he could until the wind sprang up. Again he saw a ship at sea and said that it was the Mexican war vessel Democraata and that it was coming to us. He believed he was safe, but was stopped by the prosecution, an objection being put in. Mr. Brooks was cautioned by the court to evade objectionable questions, and he then proceeded. He stated that he had never been able to get any tangible version of the affair from Smith, the latter seeming wholly oblivious to the consequences."

J. J. Still took the stand, and was asked the question that if a man, 65 years of age, would, for the sake of the sea, for thirty-five years, when accused of crime, refused to talk, and, at the time of his arrest, his face was swollen, his eyes bloodshot; that, upon a search being made of the place where he had slept, a rock was found in his bed, and a hole bored through the rock, and when addressed he would walk for some hundred feet before replying; that if his mother, uncles, and an aunt had died from insanity, what was his opinion as to such a man's mental balance?

The doctor replied that he would believe the man insane.

Counsel for the defense asked nothing more, but Mr. Hunsaker was ready for a vigorous cross-examination. He proposed several searching questions, which were answered in a manner tending to lean entirely toward the insane plea. Dr. Still insisted that he believed that Capt. Smith was suffering from a mania at the time he committed the murder.

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"I could not form an opinion," said Mr. Hunsaker. "It is possible that a man under such circumstances would be afterward to remember what had occurred."

This was a puzzler for the medical man, who still maintained, however, after a few moments' thought, that such was possible.

To Dr. K. D. Wise was put the same hypothetical question as had been asked Dr. Still.

"I could not form an opinion," was the reply. "Under the conditions given at the time whether the crime was committed he was sane or insane."

When he was asked to take also his own personal examinations of the man into consideration, he then said that it was his impression and conviction that Silberry was suffering from a form of dementia.

Dr. Wise then went on to give a very interesting explanation of the various symptoms attending the degree of insanity, of which he had referred.

Dr. E. B. Frost answered the hypothetical question by saying: "From that form and condition of the question, I would answer that the man was insane." He agreed in all general points with the statements of Dr. Wise.

George Neale, Sr., was called in to testify to give evidence on some minor point corroborative of young Silberry's testimony.

J. H. Simpson had known Capt. Smith for twenty years, and at this time he had never noticed anything that would lead him to believe that the man was insane.

J. G. P. Martin, W. S. Steiner, Capt. Silberry, William Kehoh, Charles C. Elliott, Charles T. Ames, W. W. Petty and C. M. Hall all testified to the same intent. None of them, from

their acquaintance with the defendant, believed him insane at any time.

When the government closed its case, Mr. Brooks, for the defense, arose and stated that he was not desirous of giving the cause up, but was willing to submit it upon the instructions prepared.

Acting District Attorney Hunsaker assented to this, and the lengthy orders were handed up. After looking them over the court awarded that there was a great mass of instructions presented that would require some little time to consider. The jury was then excused until 4:30 o'clock.

At the time fixed they reassembled. Judge Ross mounted the bench and, after order had been called, he stated that he had been requested to make a charge for the jury, as he had wished to do, without keeping them over another night. He had concluded to give the instructions prepared by counsel, with a few admonitions on his own part, notwithstanding the unnecessary length of the matter offered.

On behalf of the prosecution the instructions were that the jury should be convinced that George Neale was dead, and that his death had been caused by the act of Smith; it was not necessary that the body be established for the fact of death could be established by affirmative testimony and cogent circumstances; the plea of insanity must have been established so far as to show that the accused, at the time, was in such a condition as to be unable to realize what he was doing, and that the right and what was wrong, to make the doubt weight in favor of the defense; there was a distinction between passion and insanity, which should not be overlooked to the detriment of the peace of the community.

For defense, the instructions were to the effect that if the jury were convinced and believed that the defendant was insane, or temporarily insane, when he committed the murder, they should acquit him. If there was but a reasonable doubt existing in their minds, they should find a verdict of not guilty.

J. Marion Brooks, Esq., at the conclusion of the reading of the instructions, had his exceptions noted to all of that part given on behalf of the prosecution, as proposed by the court.

Then the jury was placed in the custody of a deputy marshal, and at once began deliberations on a verdict.

A VERDICT OF NOT GUILTY.

It was just 5 o'clock when the jury returned. Half an hour later the judge instructed the deputy marshal to ascertain if there was any probability of their reaching a speedy conclusion, and receiving a reply savoring of the negative, he went out for dinner, returning at 9:30 o'clock.

Meanwhile the jury continued their deliberations. At 9:50 o'clock they sent word that further instructions were desired, and once more the defendant was brought in and the attorneys took their seats. The foreman of the jury then stated that there was just one point upon which they wished instructions, and that was as to whether they had the power to bring in a verdict of guilty and fix the degree of crime.

Judge Ross explained that the United States law provided but one punishment for those found guilty of murder, and that was death.

Hence the defendant must either be found guilty or not guilty, without any modification of the verdict.

Again the jury retired. It was expected and prophesied that the nearest to an acquittal they would come was to be disagreement, and when they asked for further instructions, they were given the instructions, such predictions were strengthened. No one for a moment supposed that the twelve men sworn to try the cause in which the defendant himself admitted his guilt, would go so far as to acquit when the offense was so flagrant. Further, they were inclined to believe the insanity plea, that they would be the means of turning loose upon the public again a man in such a condition as to make the repetition of a similar crime a most reasonable, but in this the general impression and conviction of the jury.

At 10:25 o'clock the deputy marshal announced that a verdict had been agreed upon. The judge took his place on the bench, and Clerk Van Dyke, after the roll had been called, asked: "Gentlemen of the jury, have you agreed upon a verdict?"

"We have," was the reply of Foreman E. B. Thompson.

"What is that verdict?" was the formal question next put, to which the jury replied: "Not guilty."

During this time, Smith maintained his nonchalant mood, never showing the slightest signs of excitement. When the verdict was read an interested observer, who might have been watching him, would be led to believe that the trial was over.

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Again the jury retired. It was expected and prophesied that the nearest to an acquittal they would come was to be disagreement, and when they asked for further instructions, they were given the instructions, such predictions were strengthened. No one for a moment supposed that the twelve men sworn to try the cause in which the defendant himself admitted his guilt, would go so far as to acquit when the offense was so flagrant. Further, they were inclined to believe the insanity plea, that they would be the means of turning loose upon the public again a man in such a condition as to make the repetition of a similar crime a most reasonable, but in this the general impression and conviction of the jury.

At 10:25 o'clock the deputy marshal announced that a verdict had been agreed upon. The judge took his place on the bench, and Clerk Van Dyke, after the roll had been called, asked: "Gentlemen of the jury, have you agreed upon a verdict?"

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SOUTHERN CALIFORNIA



PASADENA.

Plans Maturing for the Throop Celebration.

Eloquent Speakers Will Be Present—Bazaar at William's Hall—Another Winston Searching Party Back—Brevities.

A meeting of the General Committee was held Wednesday morning, at the Recorder's carroom to perfect plans for the Throop celebration on December 21. Chairman W. E. Arthur presided and a fair representation of the committee was present.

The following details were finally agreed upon: An informal reception will be held at Throop Institute Hall, between the hours of 12 and 2 o'clock, which will afford the public and invited guests opportunity to inspect the University buildings. Lunch will be served to visiting guests in East Hall.

At 2 o'clock exercises will be held at the Methodist Episcopal Tabernacle, on which occasion music will be furnished by Brockway's Orchestra. The opening address will be made by the speakers of the day, Judge Cheney of Los Angeles, one of the ablest orators in this part of the State. This will be followed by an address from Mrs. McChesney, after which Prof. G. W. James gave an instructive talk on "Astronomy" that was illustrated by a number of stereopticon views.

At a meeting of Crown Chapter, R.A.M., held Tuesday evening, the following officers were chosen: E. C. Griffith, H.P.; E. E. Gaylord, P.D.; F. J. Webster, R.A.C.; A. S. Roche, first V.; L. J. Crowell, second V.; Mr. Hiscox, third V.; E. H. May, secretary; S. Washburn, treasurer; A. Thorns, tyler; P. Brown, C.H.

cool. The signs in the evening were for rain.

F. C. Polley is confined to the house by illness.

Guy Woodward of Lordsburg was in town on Wednesday.

The members of the Starlight Club will enjoy another hop Friday evening.

Dinner today and lunch tomorrow at Williams's Hall, 25 cents each.

Go and hear the jubilee singers at the Tabernacle tonight. Admission 25 cents.

"Hutchins" is marking special prices to churches wanting Christmas decorations. Order early.

Recorder Rossiter sent a man to the County Jail on Wednesday for ten days for drunkenness.

Merchants are advised to attend the Presbyterian Church entertainment to night at Williams's Hall, and leave no advertisement.

Speaking about electric roads, it might be remarked that the Consolidated electric company of Los Angeles has been keeping quiet lately and sawing wood.

To J. W. Wood has been assigned the task of selecting two of Pasadena's prettiest girls to unveil the portraits of Father Throop at the Tabernacle on the afternoon of December 21.

Mrs. Ellen B. Fair will hold her annual sale of art goods Friday and Saturday at her temporary studio in the Wooster Block. Everybody cordially invited. No cards issued.

A special service will be held at the Church of the Angels, Garvanza, Sunday, December 17, at 10 a.m., in memory of Mrs. Campbell-Johnson, who died November 21. All are cordially invited to attend.

Mr. and Mrs. O. B. Wright of Orion, Ill., are visiting in town at the residence of Mrs. Bennett on Grand street. Dr. P. Rossmussen of Chicago, a house and lot on South Hudson avenue for \$1,900, also two lots on South Lake avenue for \$600.

At the Fortnightly Club's meeting held Tuesday evening at the Universalist Church, an interesting paper on "Meteorology," from the pen of Harold S. Chapman, was read by Prof. Mrs. McClellan, after which Prof. G. W. James gave an instructive talk on "Astronomy" that was illustrated by a number of stereopticon views.

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SANTA MONICA.

Work of the Trustees—Encampment Subscriptions.

At the Council meeting Monday evening, after routine opening, bills amounting to \$106.61 were audited and ordered paid.

The November reports of treasurer and clerk were presented, and referred to the Finance Committee.

Permission was granted James Whitworth to dig two cesspools upon lot L, block No. 144.

On petition of the commander of the Salvation Army, Lt. Marion was authorized to obtain an additional police officer, to be paid by the army.

Ordinances were passed fixing grades upon Fifth street, between Utah and Railroad avenue, and on Railroad avenue between Fourth and Seventh streets. Also an ordinance calling for information from the Water Company on the current year's business.

Permission was granted Mrs. Dierck to plant the eucalyptus in front of her lot.

The matter of drainage of storm-water on Railroad avenue was referred to the Street Superintendent.

Transfer of \$100 was ordered to be made from the general fund to the street-lighting fund.

A profile was called for from the City Engineer of Bay street from Ocean to Railroad avenues.

The clerk was authorized to purchase needed school books, after which the board adjourned.

Mrs. Vavter's condition on Wednesday was materially worse, and her chances of recovery are now considered very small.

H. H. Thompson, the prominent Redondo magnate, was studying the beauties of the city.

The people of Orange county are anxious to see Abram Aguilar released from the County Jail in Los Angeles, as it is plain to them that the unfortunate Abram is a victim of circumstances, if not of a conspiracy.

County Coroner Frank Eby informed The Times yesterday Wednesday that he personally acquainted with the men who chanced to be with Aguilar on the day his wife was so horribly burned in Los Angeles and that they are all reputable and honest men. He further stated that he personally knew Abram Aguilar, and they were all good citizens. The names of the men who worked with Aguilar on the day above mentioned, and who will make affidavit that he was with them all day, are: Herman Bennercheidt, R. S. Seale, Abraham and Benjamin Kraemer and Charlie Stone.

MAY CHANGE HER NAME.

H. W. Thompson, a local agent of the Santa Fe, agents, is in charge of the Santa Fe, agents, and Misses McCormick, Ellis and Adams. Useful articles, such as aprons, brooms, etc., will be found here.

Then there is the Hallowe'en or Gypsy booth, in charge of Mrs. F. E. Read, and the Misses Read, assisted by Misses Church, Dickinson, Cloud, Hill and Gardner. A large supply of mysterious packages will be placed on sale here.

A photographic booth will be one of the other attractions. The evening's entertainment will be in charge of Mrs. C. S. Cristy and Mrs. Bangs.

NO TRACE OF WINSTON.

Charles Brown, Grant Griswold, Mr. Leffler and three companions returned Wednesday afternoon from an extended search up the Arroyo Seco Canyon for any trace of L. C. Winston. All of the party are experienced mountaineers, but their search was a fruitless one, for they found not a single trace of the missing boy, and extended their tramp over a mile beyond Barley Flats, returning by the same route. They came across nothing that would serve as a clew to indicate the whereabouts or fate of Mr. Winston since he was last seen, nor companion, Charles Brown, in the Buckhorn Canyon, nearly a month ago.

Next is the Labor-day booth, in charge of Mrs. Dr. Parker, Mrs. Mahon and Misses McCormick, Ellis and Adams. Useful articles, such as aprons, brooms, etc., will be found here.

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THE FORESTERS Wednesday evening, accompanied by a musical and literary programme and a ball, proved to be a very pleasant and enjoyable occasion.

Interesting numbers on the programme were numerous, including the work of the bandoliers and Guitars Quartette, the male quartette composed of Messrs. McCormick, Gray, Miles and McKnight, and the solo singing by Grace Remington-Davis, of New York city. Other features were worthy of more special mention than space will permit. There was a good attendance of members, their families and friends.

The following delegates to the district meeting in Los Angeles, December 19, have been chosen from Santa Monica Lodge I.O.G.T.: W. I. Hull, H. S. Hubbard, Mrs. S. Weston and Edna Orr.

CASS & SMURF STOVE CO.

Retailers and jobbers of "Superior" stoves and ranges (guaranteed) noted for economy of fuel and perfect working. Nos. 224 and 226 Spring street.

FRUIT-GROWERS.

Something interesting in our new nursery catalogue. Call or send address to Alexander & Hammon, branch office, Natick House, Los Angeles.

ORANGE COUNTY.

Meeting of the Santa Ana Board of Education.

Young "Dud" Detherow Again Makes His Escape from Jail—Meeting of the Anaheim Trustees—Notes and Personals.

The city Board of Education met Tuesday evening, in regular session, all the members and the Superintendent of Schools being present. The two new members, Messrs. Waffle and Smart, were duly installed after which the regular business of the evening was taken up.

The secretary submitted a report for the third month of school which was accepted and filed.

The application of T. M. Holt, for janitor at the East Fourth-street building, to take the place of D. Kuffel, who has left town, was laid over for two weeks.

The applications of Miss Ross and Miss Fitzwater for positions as teachers were received and ordered filed.

The president and secretary were authorized to draw warrants for such sums as may be found necessary to continue the suit in the Goff vs. Board of Education case.

The ladies of the Unity Society will give an entertainment Friday night, the 22d inst., at G.A.R. Hall. A short musical programme will be rendered, followed by a "Jazz" reading.

William Detherow has purchased forty acres of land in the Rancho San Juan Cajon de Santa Ana, of John E. Bottford, paying therefor the sum of \$3,000.

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CITY BRIEFS

NEWS AND BUSINESS

The Weather.

U. S. Weather Bureau, Los Angeles, Dec. 13.—At 5 o'clock a.m. the barometer registered 30.17, at 5 p.m., 30.12. Thermometer for the corresponding hours showed 59 deg. and 57 deg. Maximum temperature, 62 deg.; minimum temperature, 49 deg. Character of weather, cloudy. Barometer reduced to sea level.

Daily Bulletin.

United States Department of Agriculture, Weather Bureau, Los Angeles, Cal., December 13, 1893. Observations taken at all points at 8 p.m., seventy-fifth meridian time.

PLACE OF OBSERVATION.	Barometer.	Temperature.	Rainfall in 12 hours.
Los Angeles, cloudy	30.11	56	0
San Diego, cloudy	30.10	56	0
Paso Robles, cloudy	30.04	56	0
Red Bluff, cloudy	30.06	56	0
San Francisco, cloudy	30.06	56	T
Sacramento, cloudy	30.04	56	.20
Red Bluff, cloudy	30.06	48	.06
Merced, cloudy	30.06	48	.14
Roseburg, cloudy	29.98	40	.18
Portland, cloudy	29.88	40	.18

Admirers of good music will be well entertained by attending the entertainment of "Columbia," which takes place at the Los Angeles Theater December 14, 15, and matinee on Saturday, the 16th. All of the music was especially written by the eminent American composer, Andrew Herman, and is certainly very grand and charming. The orchestra will be under the direction of Mr. ... It's a full course at the college of styles to examine the latest holiday novelties in winter hats, neckwear, hoseery, gloves and suspenders, just received by Desmond, No. 141 South Spring street, in the Bryson Block. His \$2.50 soft and stiff hats and 30c holiday hats have proven themselves a stunning success.

The Los Angeles Savings Bank hereinafter presents those who have given notice to withdraw their funds, and which notices expire during the months of November and December, 1893. Los Angeles Savings Bank. By W. M. Caswell, cashier.

The Security Savings Bank and Trust Company hereinafter gives notice that is presented to all depositors who have given notice to withdraw their funds, and which notices expire during the months of November and December 1893. J. F. Sartori, cashier.

The Southern California Railway are now making cheap excursion rates to San Diego, Coronado, Escondido, and around the Kite-shaped track. Get descriptive pamphlets at all stations or at city ticket office, No. 125 North Spring street.

J. W. C. MacGillivray, M.D., of Lancaster, Canada, left via the Santa Fe, last evening, with the remains of his mother, who died in this city on the 8th inst. Peck & Chase Co., the Broadway undertakers, were in charge.

The most generally useful family medicine in the world—Bellan's La Grippe—is put up in Los Angeles by J. H. Bellan, No. 102 Downey avenue. As a blood purifier and tonic it has no superior.

The finest collection of Japanese and Chinese curios, suitable for holiday and Christmas presents, can always be found at Wing, Hing Wo & Co.'s Japanese Bazaar, No. 238 South Spring street.

The social which was to have been held yesterday at the Loyal Temperance League, tomorrow evening, in their hall, No. 208 North Main street, will be postponed until Saturday evening.

Heating of houses, churches and halls with hot-air furnaces, especially adapted to this climate, by F. E. Browne, No. 314 South Spring street. Send for catalogues.

For a useful Christmas present, buy one of Whitney's trunks or traveling bags. Factory, No. 344 North Main street. Lists and orders everywhere. 50c.

The finest photographs in the city at greatly reduced prices. Cabinets 75 cents per dozen, for a short time only. Lamson's studio, 313 South Spring street.

Toys, best goods, lowest prices, fullest assortment, at Hellman, Waldeck & Co.'s, No. 229 North Spring street and Nos. 209, 215 and 217 North Main street.

Hellman, Waldeck & Co. show the finest line of Christmas cards, novelties, albums and toilet cases.

For coughs and colds, use Dr. Brown's Peerless Cough Drops. Sold by all druggists and dealers at 5 cents a box.

The Dewey Gallery leads. One dollar per dozen—\$1 for the best cabinets, none better. No. 147 South Main street.

George Robert Cairns, the eminent evangelist, at First Baptist Church, next Lord's day.

List your property for sale or exchange with Charles Victor Hall, Stimson Block. A special line of velvet hats at the New York Bazaar, No. 148 North Spring street.

Pull-length cabinet photographs, 5c per dozen. Sunbeam, No. 236 South Main.

Mantels, tiles, office fittings, hardware, lumber. H. Bohman, 514 S. Spring.

New ladies' wrappers and gents' smoking jackets at Kan-Koo, 110 S. Spring st.

Martin's Camp, Wilson's Peak, will be open all winter.

W. W. G. Brown, removed to Stimson Block.

Dr. Burnett, removed to Stimson Block. Electric heater, C. T. Paul's, 130 S. Main.

Dr. Bennett, removed to Downey Block.

Big bargains at Campbell's. See add.

There will be an entrance examination for admission to the library training class on Saturday, December 16, at 3 p.m., at the public library. For further information, apply to the librarian.

The Park Commissioners will meet at the city hall at 10 o'clock this morning.

Final action in reference to the adoption of plans for the proposed new boathouse at Westlake Park is expected to be taken.

An electric car of the University line ran into a cable train at First and Spring streets, last evening, at 6:45 o'clock, knocking the cable car off the track.

Fortunately, no one was on the car, and no damage was done.

A special meeting of the members of the News and Workshoers' Home, held yesterday, suitable resolutions were adopted, extending to Mrs. A. E. Forrester and family the sympathy of the society in their great bereavement in the death of their daughter.

Chief Glass received a letter inquiring of the whereabouts of Mrs. Mattie A. Craig, an old lady who left Fresno two weeks ago, en route to this city, to visit friends. Since arriving here, she has not been heard of, and as her sister is at the point of death at Tulare, her presence there is needed.

An alarm was sent to headquarters by telephone, at about 6 o'clock last evening, for a fire in the small frame cottage of J. I. Van Dam, at No. 181 Union avenue. The fire was caused by the upsetting of a kerosene lamp, and the cottage, with its contents, was destroyed, entailing a loss of \$600. There was \$250 insurance on the place.

Articles of incorporation were filed with the County Clerk, yesterday, by the Pasadena Fruit-growers' Association, formed for the purpose of packing, shipping and disposing of the crops grown or produced by its stockholders, and promoting the interests of fruit-growers generally. The plant for the drying, canning and crystallization of fruit, with a capital stock of \$15,000, of which \$10,000 has been actually subscribed. Board of directors: David M. Smyth, M. E. Wood, C. C. Thompson, Charles E. Tebbs, Byron Lisk, James Smith and B. F. Ball, all of Pasadena.

This
Store
Open
Every
Night
Until the
Hol-
idays.

A. HAMBURGER & SONS

135 to 145 North Spring Street.

We have just purchased of M. S. Hewes his entire stock of

BOOTS AND SHOES

Mr. Hewes, who for years has been located at 105 N. Spring-st., and carried the finest and most complete line of Men's, Ladies' and Children's Shoes in Los Angeles, has retired from business and sold us his stock at 65c on the dollar. It comprises the well-known makes of Wright & Peters's Ladies' Shoes, Dugan & Hudson's Children's Shoes, and T. Turner's Men's Shoes and other high-grade manufacturers. This stock will be sold at the old stand of Mr. Hewes, 105 N. Spring-st., at 65c on the dollar—the price we bought it at. We will use the present Hewes's stock to introduce Wright & Peters's and Dugan & Hudson's Fine Shoes, whose lines we will hereafter carry at our stores, 135 to 145 N. Spring-st.

Sale Commences Saturday, 9 a.m.

TOY DEPARTMENT.

In the Basement Salesroom—Fifty salespeople to wait upon you. Bring the children; it will gladden their little hearts. Toys were never offered at our present prices.

ART DEPARTMENT.

In the Household—Artistic bisque, China, Porcelain, copies of Bonn, Worcester, Sevres, French, Austrian and English ware. Walk through.

BOUND BOOKS.

Are in the center of the store fronting the Millinery Department. Closing them out at fifty cents on the dollar.

HOLIDAY BOOTH.

At the Left of Main Entrance—Complete lines from 10c to \$25.00.

Our stock throughout the house in every department is more complete, of a better character, and at a lower price than at any time since we've been in business.

SANTA CLAUS

Will hold forth daily in our BIG SHOW WINDOW to the amusement of our patrons.

The
Best
Time
to
Trade
is in
the
For'noon.

FOOTBALL.

The Pomona-Olive Game Saturday Afternoon Promises to Be Interesting.

Saturday afternoon at Athletic Park, the Pomona College and Olive football teams will play a match game. These teams are the strongest in Southern California, the Olives having held the championship last year. They have strengthened their team considerably this year by the addition of Haskins, who played end for the Berkeleys last season; Stewart, who has played at Berkeley half, Dillon left end, and Haskins, at his old position, in which he distinguished himself in the great Stanford-California game Thanksgiving day, 1892, right end.

The Pomona College team has won everything so far, and confidently expects to do the Olives up brown. Football is all the rage now, and lovers of the game will witness a fine contest as between the Olives and the Sardines.

"Pop" Bliss, the great Yale half-back, who is visiting friends at Long Beach, and Heffelfinger, the famous Yale guard, who is located here for the winter, are expected to act as referee and umpire, respectively.

The game will be called at 2:30 p.m. sharp.

Licensed to Wed.

Marriage licenses were issued at the County Clerk's office yesterday to the following persons:

Marion Brumate, a native of California, 23 years of age, of Pico Heights, to Mary McNeil, a native of Massachusetts, 20 years of age, of this city.

James McCabe, a native of Ireland, 25 years of age, to Annie Mulligan, also a native of Ireland, 22 years of age; both residents of this city.

PERSONALS.

Mr. and Mrs. A. H. S. Perkins of St. Paul, Minn., have taken up their residence on Temple street. Mr. Perkins is a popular newspaper man and practical printer, and while here, ostensibly, he contemplates engaging in business if a favorable opportunity presents itself.

Dr. Burnett, removed to Stimson Block. Electric heater, C. T. Paul's, 130 S. Main.

Dr. Bennett, removed to Downey Block.

Big bargains at Campbell's. See add.

There will be an entrance examination for admission to the library training class on Saturday, December 16, at 3 p.m., at the public library. For further information, apply to the librarian.

The Park Commissioners will meet at the city hall at 10 o'clock this morning.

Final action in reference to the adoption of plans for the proposed new boathouse at Westlake Park is expected to be taken.

An electric car of the University line ran into a cable train at First and Spring streets, last evening, at 6:45 o'clock, knocking the cable car off the track.

Fortunately, no one was on the car, and no damage was done.

A special meeting of the members of the News and Workshoers' Home, held yesterday, suitable resolutions were adopted, extending to Mrs. A. E. Forrester and family the sympathy of the society in their great bereavement in the death of their daughter.

Chief Glass received a letter inquiring of the whereabouts of Mrs. Mattie A. Craig, an old lady who left Fresno two weeks ago, en route to this city, to visit friends. Since arriving here, she has not been heard of, and as her sister is at the point of death at Tulare, her presence there is needed.

An alarm was sent to headquarters by telephone, at about 6 o'clock last evening, for a fire in the small frame cottage of J. I. Van Dam, at No. 181 Union avenue. The fire was caused by the upsetting of a kerosene lamp, and the cottage, with its contents, was destroyed, entailing a loss of \$600. There was \$250 insurance on the place.

Articles of incorporation were filed with the County Clerk, yesterday, by the Pasadena Fruit-growers' Association, formed for the purpose of packing, shipping and disposing of the crops grown or produced by its stockholders, and promoting the interests of fruit-growers generally. The plant for the drying, canning and crystallization of fruit, with a capital stock of \$15,000, of which \$10,000 has been actually subscribed. Board of directors: David M. Smyth, M. E. Wood, C. C. Thompson, Charles E. Tebbs, Byron Lisk, James Smith and B. F. Ball, all of Pasadena.

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Today the International Poultry and Pet Stock Show opens at Cleveland, O. This is one of the greatest poultry exhibitions on this side of the Atlantic, and blue-blooded fowls from every part of the United States and the Dominion of Canada will be presented for admiration and prizes. Cleveland is crowded with strangers and poultry fanciers and the town is all excitement.

There's another big excitement in Kan-Koo over our sale of holiday goods. Our trade began a week ago, and has been increasing daily. We have just what you want to send to an Eastern friend or to give to a friend. No fancy prices, but everything in the store sold at a small profit. Compare our prices and you will find us "strictly in it." Curios from everywhere. Useful articles for every one. We pack and attend to shipping free of charge. KAN-KOO, 110 S. Spring St., opp. Nadeau.

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